

2016 Texas High Plains Sugarcane Aphid Management Guide

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Timing effective treatment to control sugarcane aphids (SCA) in sorghum depends on the size of the SCA population. Follow these guidelines to make treatment decisions.

Grain Sorghum Action Threshold

Growth Stage	Decision Threshold Specific to the Sugarcane Aphid
Pre-Boot	20% of plants with presence of aphids
Boot	20% of plants infested with 50 aphids per leaf
Flowering–Milk	30% of plants infested with 50 aphids per leaf
Soft Dough	30% of plants infested, localized areas with heavy honeydew, and established aphid colonies
Dough	30% of plants infested, localized areas with heavy honeydew, and established aphid colonies
Black Layer	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy honeydew and established aphid colonies • Treatment only for preventing harvest problems • Important to observe preharvest intervals

Revised from original threshold recommendations from Mississippi State University.



Corn leaf aphid



Yellow sugarcane aphid



Sugarcane aphid



Greenbug aphid

First Detection: Is the Field at Risk?

- Once a week, walk 25 feet into the field and examine plants along 50 feet of row. Check at least 4 locations per field (total 60–80 plants).
- Inspect underside of leaves from upper and lower canopy from 15–20 plants per location.
- If honeydew is present, look for SCA on the underside of a leaf above the honeydew.
- Sample each side of the field and sites near johnsongrass and tall mutant plants.

Sampling Decision

- If no SCA are present, or only a few individual wingless/winged aphids are on upper leaves, continue once-a-week scouting.
- If SCA are found on lower or mid-canopy leaves, begin twice-a-week scouting. Use the **Grain Sorghum Action Threshold** (over) to determine if the infestation is at or exceeds the action threshold.

Control Options after First Application

- Check fields for control after 4–7 days.
- If poor control and aphid colonies of 50 or more per leaf are still present, repeat application.
- If there was good control of the aphid, continue scouting fields twice a week for re-infestation or a rapid increase in aphid numbers.
- For whorl to early dough growth stages, use the **Grain Sorghum Action Threshold** for any second applications.
- From dough to late dough growth stages, a second application may be required when aphids are re-establishing, 40%–50% of the total leaf area has aphid damage, and predator populations are not suppressing aphid populations.
- At black layer growth stage through harvest, an application may be required to prevent harvest problems.

Forage Sorghum Management

Treatment thresholds have not been determined for forage sorghums. Until thresholds are available, contact your Extension agent–IPM or Extension entomologist.

Learn more at Texas Sugarcane Aphid News at <http://txscan.blogspot.com>

*Photos courtesy of
Entomology & Plant Pathology, Oklahoma State University.*

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